Green Freighter

Reference Aircraft Hydrogen

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Introduction - Green Freighter -

- "The Green Freighter is seen as a vector to integrate innovative or revolutionary solutions coming from other concepts: advanced propeller engines, alternative fuels, one engine operations...
 - It is also the vector selected in ProGreen to challenge the certification regulation: no pilot operations, one engine aircraft..."
- The purpose is to consider log term solutions for an ultra-green aircraft in term of noise and emissions. The freighter was identified as an appropriate vector because:
- It is potentially more constrained for noise and emissions as it operates generally when passengers aircraft are less present (night operations)
- It is potentially less constrained in term of specifications for comfort and cruise speed. It gives the opportunity to look at innovative engine integration and energy."

Assumed Top Level Aircraft Requirements

Aircraft		Green Freighter	comment
Range	[nm]	1200	for express carrier hubs slivering (UPS, FedEx, DHL)
Cargo payload	[t]	8	
Design Mach Number Vmo/Mmo	[-] [kt/-]	0.53 250/ 0.55	As Dash 8 (prop.) As ATR
Initial Cruise Altitude Capability	[ft]	≥ 17000	TO @MTOW, ISA+10
Time To Climb to 17000ft	[min]	≤ 10	ATR
ACN (Flexible B)	[-]	≤ 13	ATR
Take-Off Field Length (MTOW, SL, ISA+15ºC)	[ft]	≤ 4000	ATR
Vapp (MLW, SL, ISA)	[kt]	≤ 135	
Typical turn around time	[min]	45	As NSR
Cabin Altitude	[ft]	-	(un-pressurized fuselage)

Why? Assumed Top Level Aircraft Requirements

- The AC is just a platform for study purposes: no cockpit, alternative fuels...
- It can be every AC size
- Why are we working with a small cargo AC
- Hydrogene should be an alternative fuel
- It has an volume (drag) penalty
- The volume penalty is less
 - for small distances like 1200nm
 - (to validate this the report is done for an LH2 and an kerosine version)
- waste water from hydrogene burning is harmfull for the atmosphere in high
- altitude → low cruise altitudes
- enabling operation of propeller engines leads to lower altitudes with less cruise speed
- un-pressurized fuselage is beneficial for unconventional configurations
- like VELA
- Low noise requirement leads to various possible studies for the universities
- but is not included in the ref. AC definition

Why? Assumed Top Level Aircraft Requirements

Range: flexible regional feeders for bigger cargo AC leads to approx. 1200nm
Payload: starting point for ref. AC is ATR 72 freighter with approx. 8 t cargo

•Mach number:

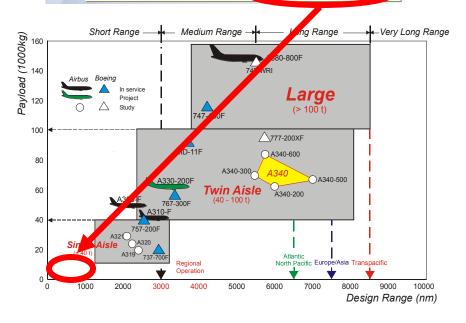
... less constrained in term of specifications for comfort and cruise speed. It gives the opportunity to look at innovative engine integration and energy."
Next Points: more or less driven by ATR restrictions

ATR Full Freighter Market Opportunity

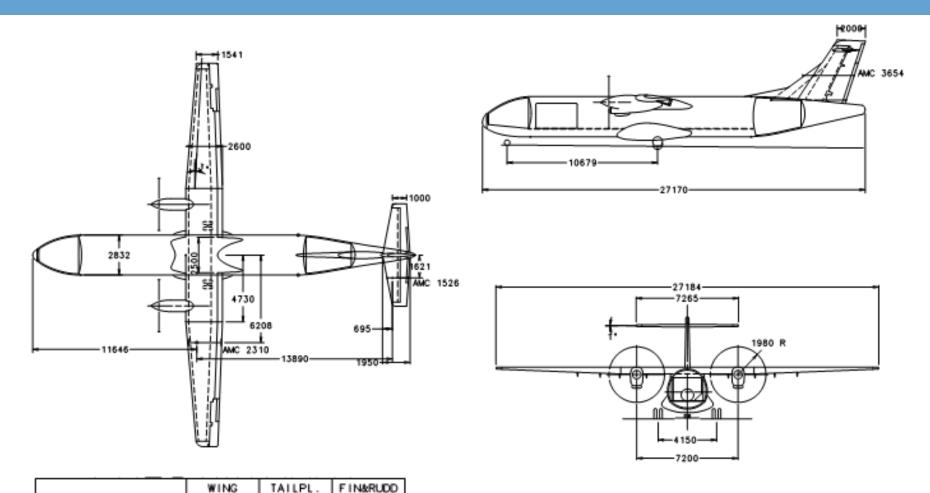
ATR strategy towards cargo market is driven by specific market conditions:

- Global cargo market growth approaching 6% per year
- Express parcels fastest growing segment, boosted by E-commerce: > 20% yearly growth
- Increasing demand for modules of ATR size as feeders for large integrators (FedEx, UPS, DHL..)
- Ageing cargo fleet in this category
- Excellent ATR characteristics allowing LD3 containers and 88" width pallet accommodation with Large Cargo Door
- Growing availability of ATR a/c on the 2nd hand market at prices consistent with cargo market requirements

ATR strategy is to promote the ATP plotform on the next generation standard for egional cargo feeders.



ATR-H2 general arrangement



AREA m¹

ASPECT RATIO

TAPER RATIO

T/C RATIO %

VOL.COEFFIC.

Dihedral

1/4 CHORD SWP.

61

12

0.618

2.3*

reat 0.1784 tip 0.1333

2.5*

11.73

4.6

0.61

6.32*

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0.12

12.48

1.6

0.6

28.5*

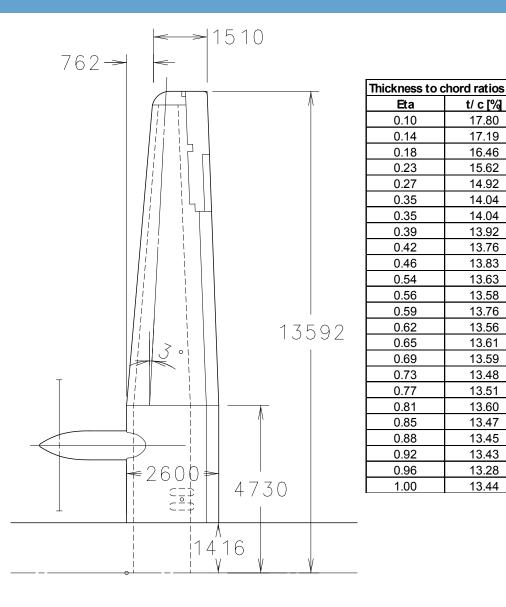
0.12/0.15/0

-

0*

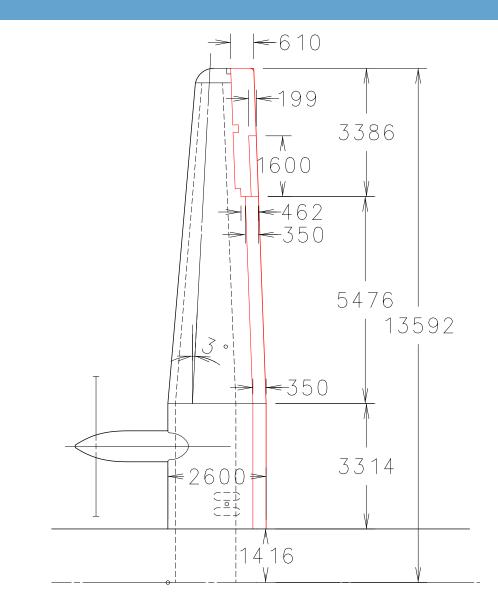
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Wing arrangement

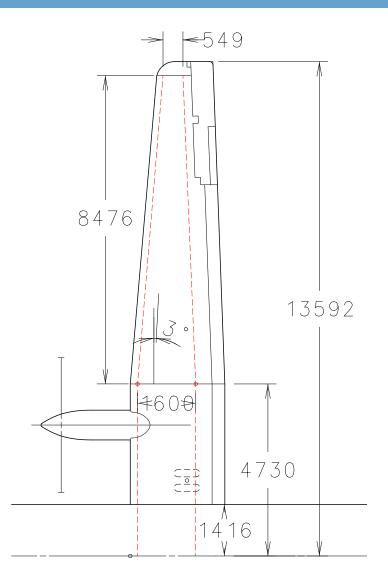


Wing main data		
wing reference area	61	m^2
aerodynamic mean chord	2.3	m
span	27.05	m
aspect ratio	11.99	-
taper ratio (tip / root)	0.62	-
root chord	2.57	m
tip chord	1.59	m
sweep angle (25%)	2.3	deg
leading edge sweep	4.9	deg
trailing edge sweep	2.1	deg
dihedral upper surface	2.5	deg

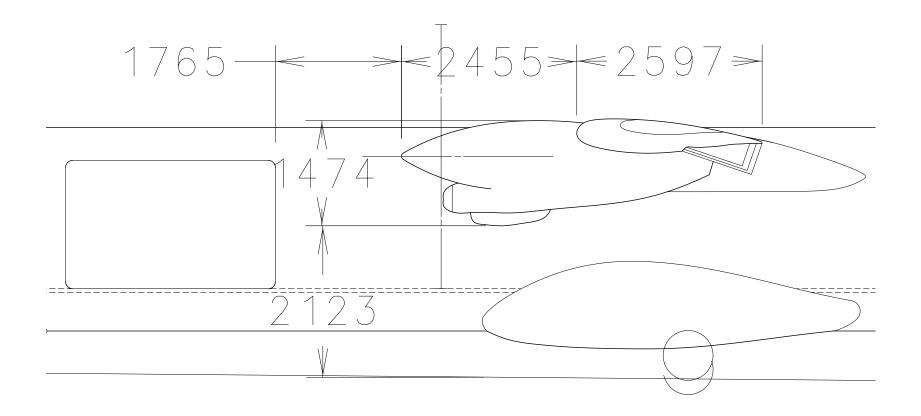
Wing movables arrangement



Wing structural arrangement

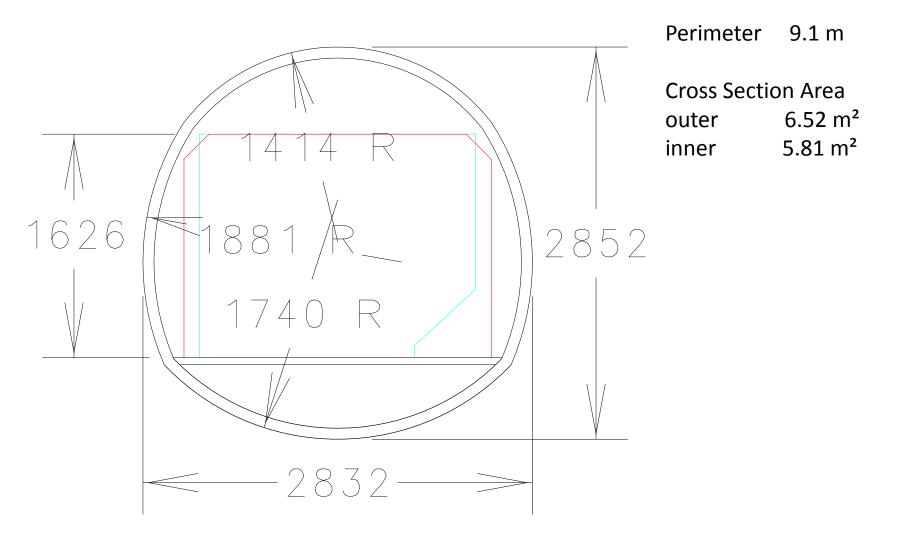


Engine integration

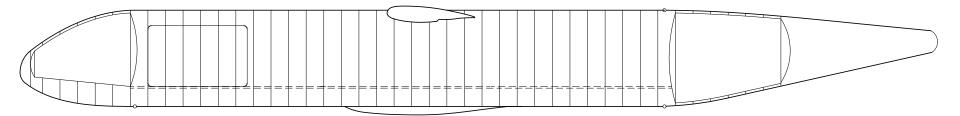


Engine: PW 127

Fuselage cross section

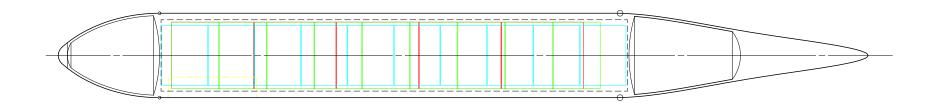


Fuselage arrangement



20.5" frame pitch

Cargo arrangement



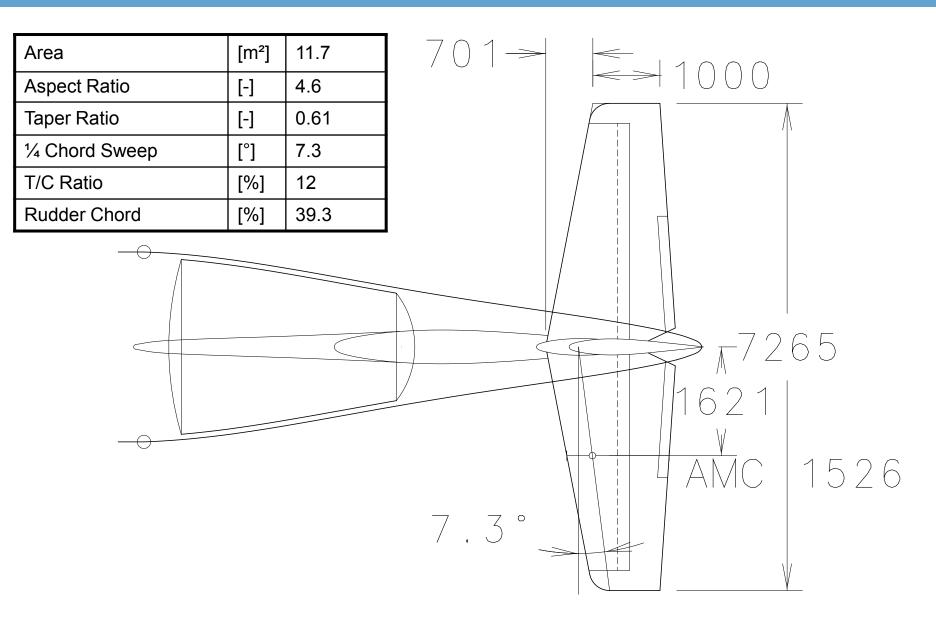




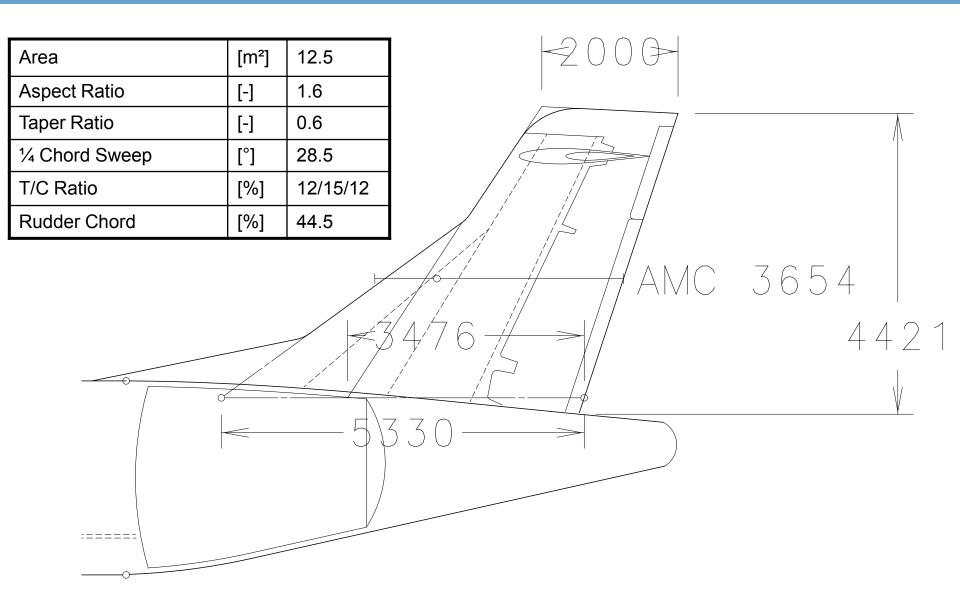
Cargo options: - 5x pallet (88"x 108" x 64")

- 10x LD3
- 9x pallet (88"x 62"x 64")

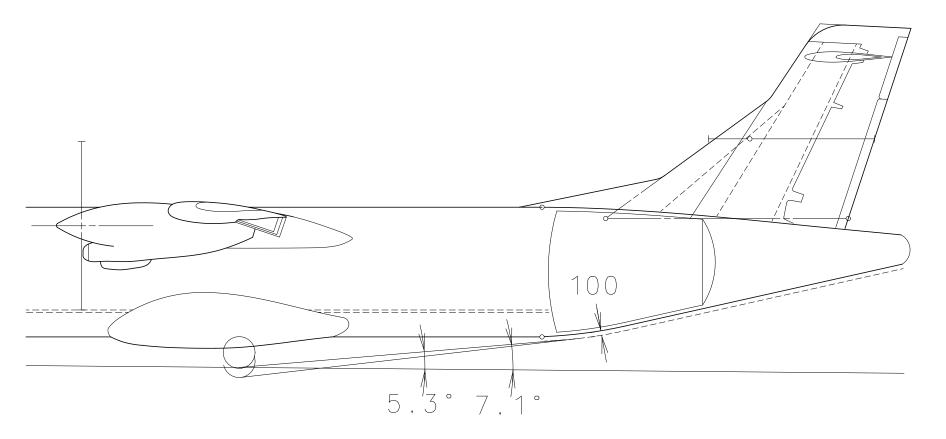
Horizontal tailplane



Fin & rudder



Rotation angle



Rotation angle includes 100mm clearance to fuselage loft